

# JON C. GREENE, DDS

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## — General Dentist Providing Oral Surgery Services —

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# POST-OPERATIVE INSTRUCTIONS FOLLOWING DENTAL SURGERY

**THINGS TO EXPECT:** 

**Bleeding**: Bleeding or "oozing" for the first 12-24 hours.

Swelling: This is normal following a surgical procedure in the mouth. It should reach its maximum in two-to-three days

and should begin to diminish by the fifth post-operative day.

<u>Discomfort</u>: The most discomfort that you may experience may occur for a few hours after the sensation returns to your

mouth. It may gradually increase again for 2-3 days, then begin to diminish over the next few days.

THINGS TO DO IMMEDIATELY FOLLOWING SURGERY:

Bleeding: Place gauze over extraction sites, and maintain pressure by biting for at least one hour. Repeat as needed. Keep

head elevated, and rest. Do not suck or spit excessively. (Also, please refrain from blowing into musical

instruments.)

<u>NOTE</u>: Some "oozing" and discoloration of saliva is normal. If bleeding persists, replace the gauze with a clean, folded gauze placed over the extraction site, and maintain the pressure until the bleeding stops.

<u>Swelling:</u> Place ice or cold compresses on the region of surgery for ten minutes every half-hour for the first 8-12 hours.

NOTE: Ice bags or cold compresses should be used only on the day of surgery.

**Smoking:** Avoid smoking during the healing period.

<u>Discomfort</u>: Take medications as directed for <u>PAIN</u>. Mild-to-moderate pain can be relieved by non-prescription Advil,

Aleve, or Orudis. For more severe pain, take the prescription pain medication as directed. Remember that these medications can take up to 30 minutes to one hour to take effect. If you are using any of these medications for

the first time, exercise caution with the initial doses (start with ½ a pill).

Diet: A nutritious liquid or soft diet will be necessary for the first weeks after surgery. Healing will occur in weekly

increments; therefore, it is best to gradually (in weekly increments) return the diet and/or other mouth/oral

activities back to normal.

Physical For the first 24-48 hours, one should REST. Patients who have sedation should refrain from driving an

Activity: automobile or from engaging in any task that requires alertness for the next 24 hours.

#### THE DAYS AFTER SURGERY:

- 1. Brush teeth carefully.
- 2. Beginning 24 hours after the surgery, rinse mouth with <u>WARM SALT WATER</u> (or prescription mouth rinse). Continue rinsing 3-5 times per day for seven days, then begin irrigating per dentist's instructions (see #7 below).
- 3. If <u>ANTIBIOTICS</u> are prescribed, be <u>SURE</u> to take <u>ALL</u> that have been prescribed, <u>AS DIRECTED</u>.
- 4. Use <u>WARM, MOIST HEAT</u> on face for swelling, if any. Continue until the swelling subsides. A warm, wet washcloth or heating pad will suffice.
- 5. If SUTURES were used, they will dissolve on their own.
- 6. <u>DRY SOCKET</u> is a delayed healing response, which may occur during the second to fourth post-operative day. It is associated with a throbbing pain on the side of the face, which may seem to be directed up toward the ear. In mild cases, simply increasing the pain medication can control the symptoms. If this is unsuccessful, please call Dr. Greene.
- 7. **RETURN TO YOUR DENTIST'S OFFICE** 5-7 days after the surgery for irrigation instructions.
- 8. Additional post-operative information can be found at www.jgreenedds.com.

### **CONTACT THE DOCTOR IF:**

- 1. Bleeding is excessive and cannot be controlled.
- 2. Discomfort is poorly controlled.
- 3. Swelling is excessive, spreading, or continuing to enlarge after 60 hours.
- 4. Allergic reactions to medications occur, which are causing a generalized rash or excessive itching.

## CONTACT EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES ("EMS") OR CALL "911" IF:

Patient loses or has lost consciousness.